## **Managing Users**

### Exercise 1: Viewing Current Users and Groups
Objective: Learn how to view existing users and groups on the system.

1. List all the users on the system by examining the /etc/passwd file:

```
cat /etc/passwd | cut -d: -f1
```

2. List all the groups on the system by examining the /etc/group file:

```
cat /etc/group | cut -d: -f1
```

3. Use the who command to view currently logged-in users:

who

### Exercise 2: Adding a New User Objective: Create a new user account.

1. Use the following command to add a new user (replace newuser with a desired username):

```
sudo adduser newuser
```

- 2. Follow the prompts to set a password and provide additional information.
- 3. Confirm that the user has been created by checking the /etc/passwd file:

```
grep newuser /etc/passwd
```

### Exercise 3: Modifying User Information Objective: Modify user properties.

1. Change the home directory of newuser to /home/newuser2 (you may need to create this directory first):

```
sudo mkdir /home/newuser2
sudo usermod -d /home/newuser2 newuser
```

2. Verify the change:

```
grep newuser /etc/passwd
```

### Exercise 4: Deleting a User

Objective: Remove a user account.

1. Delete the user account you created in Exercise 2:

sudo userdel newuser

2. Optionally, remove the home directory with:

sudo rm -r /home/newuser2

3. Confirm that the user has been deleted:

grep newuser /etc/passwd

### Exercise 5: Adding a New Group Objective: Create and manage groups.

1. Create a new group called testgroup:

sudo groupadd testgroup

2. Verify that the group has been created:

grep testgroup /etc/group

### Exercise 6: Adding Users to a Group Objective: Add users to a group.

1. Add a user (e.g., your\_username) to testgroup:

sudo usermod -aG testgroup your username

2. Confirm that you have been added to the group:

groups your username

### Exercise 7: Changing Group Ownership of a File Objective: Change the group ownership of a file.

1. Create a new file called group file.txt:

touch group\_file.txt

2. Change the group ownership of group\_file.txt to testgroup:

```
sudo chown :testgroup group file.txt
```

3. Confirm the change:

```
ls -l group file.txt
```

### Exercise 8: Removing a Group Objective: Delete a group.

1. Remove the group testgroup:

```
sudo groupdel testgroup
```

2. Verify that the group has been deleted:

```
grep testgroup /etc/group
```

### Exercise 9: User Permissions

Objective: Understand how user permissions work.

1. Create a new file called user permissions.txt:

```
touch user permissions.txt
```

2. Change the permissions of the file so that only the owner can read and write:

```
chmod 600 user permissions.txt
```

3. Check the permissions:

```
ls -l user permissions.txt
```

### Exercise 10: Summary of User and Group Management Objective: Summarize your understanding.

1. Write a brief note (in a file called user\_group\_summary.txt) explaining how to add, modify, and delete users and groups, and the significance of user permissions.

```
echo "To manage users, use useradd, userdel, and usermod. \
To manage groups, use groupadd, groupdel, and usermod to add \
users to groups. Permissions determine access to files." \
> user group summary.txt
```