

Firewalld (CentOS 7)

This lab gives the most common actions you can perform with `firewall-cmd`.

1. Check if `firewalld` is running. If not, then start it and enable it.

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --state  
not running  
[root@centos11 ~]# systemctl start firewalld  
[root@centos11 ~]# systemctl enable firewalld  
Created symlink from  
/etc/systemd/system/dbus-org.fedoraproject.FirewallD1.service to  
/usr/lib/systemd/system/firewalld.service.  
Created symlink from  
/etc/systemd/system/basic.target.wants/firewalld.service to  
/usr/lib/systemd/system/firewalld.service.
```

2. What is the default zone

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-default-zone  
public
```

3. List which zones are connected to which interfaces

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-active-zones  
public  
interfaces: ens33
```

4. List the service settings for the default zone.

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --list-all  
public (active)  
target: default  
icmp-block-inversion: no  
interfaces: ens33  
sources:  
services: dhcpv6-client ssh  
ports:  
protocols:  
masquerade: no  
forward-ports:  
sourceports:
```

```
icmp-blocks:  
rich rules:
```

5. List all available zones

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-zones  
work drop internal external trusted home dmz public block
```

6. What are the service settings of the *home* zone?

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=home --list-all  
home  
target: default  
icmp-block-inversion: no  
interfaces:  
sources:  
services: dhcpv6-client mdns samba-client ssh  
ports:  
protocols:  
masquerade: no  
forward-ports:  
sourceports:  
icmp-blocks:  
rich rules:
```

7. List the service settings of all zones

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --list-all-zones | less
```

8. List all available services

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-services  
RH-Satellite-6 amanda-client amanda-k5-client bacula bacula-client  
ceph ceph-mon dhcp dhcpv6 dhcpv6-client dns docker-registry  
dropbox-lansync freeipa-ldap freeipa-ldaps freeipa-replication ftp  
high-availability http https imap imaps ipp ipp-client ipsec  
iscsi-target kadmin kerberos kpasswd ldap ldaps libvirt libvirt-tls  
mdns mosh mountd ms-wbt mysql nfs ntp openvpn pmcd pmproxy pmwebapi  
pmwebapis pop3 pop3s postgresql privoxy proxy-dhcp ptp pulseaudio  
puppetmaster radius rpc-bind rsyncd samba samba-client sane smtp  
smtps snmp snmptrap squid ssh synergy syslog syslog-tls telnet tftp  
tftp-client tinc tor-socks transmission-client vdsms vnc-server  
wbem-https xmpp-bosh xmpp-client xmpp-local xmpp-server
```

9. Add the nfs service to the public zone. This will add nfs to */etc/firewalld/zones/public.xml*

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=nfs
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --list-services
dhcpv6-client ssh nfs
```

10. Make the service permanent. This will add nfs to */etc/firewalld/zones/public.xml*

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent \
--add-service=http
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent \
--list-services
dhcpv6-client http ssh
```

11. Add port 3011/tcp to the public zone and make it permanent.

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=3011/tcp
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent \
--add-port=3011/tcp
success
```

12. Create a new service by copying an existing one to */etc/firewalld/services/*

```
[root@centos11 ~]# cp /usr/lib/firewalld/services/ftp.xml
/etc/firewalld/services/ftp_new.xml
[root@centos11 ~]#
```

13. Change the ftp port from 21 rto 7021

```
[root@centos11 ~]# cat /etc/firewalld/services/ftp_new.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<service>
  <short>FTP</short>
  <description>FTP is a protocol used for remote file transfer. If
you plan to make your FTP server publicly available, enable this
option. You need the vsftpd package installed for this option to be
useful.</description>
  <port protocol="tcp" port="7021"/>
  <module name="nf_contrack_ftp"/>
```

```
</service>
```

14. Reload the firewall configuration

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --reload
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-services
RH-Satellite-6 amanda-client amanda-k5-client bacula bacula-client
ceph ceph-mon dhcp dhcpv6 dhcpv6-client dns docker-registry
dropbox-lansync freeipa-ldap freeipa-ldaps freeipa-replication ftp
ftp_new high-availability http https imap imaps ipp ipp-client ipsec
iscsi-target kadmin kerberos kpasswd ldap ldaps libvirt libvirt-tls
mdns mosh mountd ms-wbt mysql nfs ntp openvpn pmcd pmproxy pmwebapi
pmwebapis pop3 pop3s postgresql privoxy proxy-dhcp ptp pulseaudio
puppetmaster radius rpc-bind rsyncd samba samba-client sane smtp
smtps snmp snmptrap squid ssh synergy syslog syslog-tls telnet tftp
tftp-client tinc tor-socks transmission-client vdsm vnc-server
wbem-https xmpp-bosh xmpp-client xmpp-local xmpp-server
```

15. Create a new zone called publictest

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --permanent --new-zone=publictest
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --reload
success
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --get-zones
work drop internal external trusted publictest home dmz public block
```

16. Manually add the ssh service to the publictest xml file and reload

```
[root@centos11 zones]# cat publictest.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<zone>
<service name="ssh"/>
</zone>
[root@centos11 zones]# firewall-cmd --reload
success
```

17. Connect the new zone to ens34

```
[root@centos11 ~]# firewall-cmd --zone=publictest \
--change-interface=ens34
success
```

18. Check the interface configuration file for the new zone

```
[root@centos11 ~]# cat /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-ens34
TYPE=Ethernet
(snipped)
DEVICE=ens34
ONBOOT=no
ZONE=publictest
```

19. Restart the relevant services

```
[root@centos11 ~]# sudo systemctl restart network
[root@centos11 ~]# sudo systemctl restart firewalld
```